TABLE 2B-1
NUMBER OF DEATHS FOR THE LEADING CAUSES OF MORTALITY BY YEAR, ARIZONA, 1994-2004

Rank in 2004	Cause of death	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
1	DISEASES OF HEART	9,851	10,104	9,995	10,002	10,276	10,355	10,430	10,312	10,551	10,649	10,402
2	MALIGNANT NEOPLASMS	7,951	7,993	8,327	8,429	8,503	8,851	8,994	8,914	9,148	9,451	9,506
3	Accidents (UNINTENTIONAL INJURY)	1,879	1,973	2,091	2,104	2,182	2,192	2,087	2,430	2,416	2,466	2,641
4	CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASES	2,127	2,191	2,340	2,445	2,414	2,320	2,603	2,416	2,448	2,356	2,412
5	CHRONIC LOWER RESPIRATORY DISEASES	1,856	2,037	2,140	2,355	2,395	2,499	2,493	2,463	2,530	2,522	2,392
6	ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE*	539	592	716	690	771	859	1,046	1,103	1,413	1,691	1,672
7	DIABETES	767	810	898	946	1,006	1,046	993	1,040	1,201	1,124	1,180
8	I NFLUENZA AND PNEUMONIA*	832	823	896	895	1,040	1,204	1,201	1,100	1,294	1,248	1,108
9	INTENTIONAL SELF-HARM (SUICIDE)	816	858	762	810	845	773	737	767 ¶(600)	855	807	854
10	CHRONIC LIVER DISEASE AND CIRRHOSIS	413	406	427	428	412	397	645	635	647	625	629
11	NEPHRITIS, NEPHROTIC SYNDROME AND NEPHROSIS*	413	368	402	408	460	516	605	622	600	550	625
12	ASSAULT (HOMICIDE)	477	530	459	443	447	430	394	467	478	480	486
13	SEPTICEMIA*	271	294	330	380	348	399	346	372	445	463	456
14	ESSENTIAL PRIMARY HYPERTENSION AND HYPERTENSIVE RENAL DISEASE	158	180	230	232	331	431	275	298	293	339	405
15	PARKINSON'S DISEASE	195	204	241	281	273	355	342	366	397	402	390
ALL CAUSES		34,282	35,428	36,579	37,151	38,395	39,673	40,202	40,851	42,320	42,830	42,736

Note: The cause-of-death titles are according to the Tenth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases (ICD-10). The causes of death for 2000 -2004 are classified by ICD-10, replacing the Ninth Revision (ICD-9) used during 1979-1999. The group titles, such as Cardiovascular diseases, Infectious and parasitic diseases or Other cardiovascular diseases are not ranked to determine the leading causes of death. The underlying cause of death was not available (missing) for 970 deaths of Arizona residents in 2001, 704 deaths in 2002, 490 deaths in 2003, and 118 deaths in 2004. As a result, the numbers in the 2001- 2004 columns above are likely to be underreported.

\*Comparability-modified number of deaths by year from 1994 to 1999 is shown for the four causes of death for which the discontinuity in trend (resulting from implementation of ICD-10) is substantial. The comparability-modified data present the annual number of deaths for 1994-1999 that would have been classified as influenza and pneumonia, Alzheimer's disease, nephritis, or septicemia had the ICD-10 classification system and coding rules been in place. For the remaining causes of death, little or no change occurred in the number of deaths assigned using the different coding revisions. See *Technical Notes* for the measures of comparison between ICD-9 and ICD-10 –the "comparability ratios" – for the causes of death shown in this report.

¶ Unprecedented decline in the number of suicides from 845 in 1998 to 600, as originally published for 2001, signifies problems with the automated coding of the underlying cause of death by he National Center for Health Statistics. In 1999-2001, some firearm-suicides and suicides by drugs were classified as accidents in because the "manner of death" was not indicated on a death certificate and the automated coding system defaulted to accidental injury. The more realistic number of 767 suicides used for 2001 in the above table is from the WISQARS site at <a href="http://webappa.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/mortrate10">http://webappa.cdc.gov/sasweb/ncipc/mortrate10</a> sy.html. For more information also see <a href="http://www.azdhs.gov/plan/report/im/im/im03/3/index.htm">http://www.azdhs.gov/plan/report/im/im/im03/3/index.htm</a>.